

Hailey Hall School Music Curriculum Map

Music Curriculum Intent

Music is a universal language that embodies one of the highest forms of creativity. Our aim is to engage and inspire our pupils to develop a love of music and their talent as musicians, and so increase their self-confidence, creativity, and sense of achievement. As pupils progress, they should develop a critical engagement with music, allowing them to compose, and to listen with discrimination to the best in the musical canon.

Aims

Pupils will perform, listen to, review, and evaluate music across a diverse range of historical periods, genres, styles, and traditions, including the workers of the great composer and musicians. They will learn to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others. Individual needs and styles are considered, and we seek to unlock the potential of students from all backgrounds. We create opportunities for pupils to learn musical instruments through the aid of our guitar club program, also keyboard skills within the lessons. We also promote the use of music technology which gives our pupils the chance to progress to the next level of musical excellence. We develop pupil's understanding of how music is created, produced, and communicated, including through the interrelated dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure, and appropriate musical notations.

Working closely with other departments further develops the pupil's knowledge and underpins how music can be adapted and engaging across different subjects.

The curriculum is aligned to the National Curriculum, which aims to develop individuals holistically and so, to give them the necessary skills, qualification, and experiences to access further education, employment, or training. This goal is underpinned by the need to develop resilience, tolerance, and all-round personal well-being. There is an emphasis on the process of learning, developing a growth mindset and practical hands-on experience.

The British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect of those with different faiths, cultures and beliefs are taught explicitly a reinforced in the way in which the school operates.

Year 7 Music

Why this subject is important

- Music is a unique form of communication that can change the way you feel, think and act. It forms part of your identity and can help develop your competence as a learner.
- · Music increases your self-esteem and creates a sense of achievement and self-worth
- · Music learning develops your critical skills, your ability to listen, to appreciate a wide variety of music and to make judgments about musical quality.
- Music increases self-discipline and creativity.
- · Music helps you understand yourself, relate to others and develop a deeper cultural understanding of home, school, and the wider world.
- Music education helps to develop a sense of group identity and togetherness and develops group work

What you will learn:

Pupils will be introduced to the skills needed for the new BTEC syllabus through these key topics:

Unit name	Topics	Skills and	Skills:
		understanding	Curriculum Links
Term/Unit:	Learn about diverse	Understand pulse, meter,	This is a baseline unit to
Introducing the	types of sounds	duration, and tempo.	ascertain students'
Elements of Music			prior musical
		To understand pitch,	knowledge,
Autumn	musical and non-	dynamics, and timbre.	understanding and
Term 1	musical		experience. Which they
	Develop individual	•	build on in other
		will be able to create effective mapping of the elements of	topics.
		music, showing how they structured their piece, which	Links with Year 8 Project:
	What are some of the	will feature within their	Exploring Video game music
	important ingredients that make up Music?	composition.	using the different
	that make up masic.		Musical Elements to
			help create tension and
			atmosphere. Romance
			and Comedy. Creating
			Leitmotifs, and
			Ostinatos.
Term/Unit:		The pupils will establish the	
Autumn		importance of correct playing	
Term 2		position and posture and the	Links with Year 9
		importance of keyboard	Project
		1 -	Exploring Film
Exploring			Music and leitmotifs.
Effective	_	fingering for better playing	Developing Chord
Keyboard			arrangement.
Performance	general introduction and	exercises such as scales and	Developing playing the
Technique,	"Keyboard Treasure	simple righthand melodies in	keyboard with both
Treble Clef	Hunt" around a standard	the key of C Major. Pupils	hands.
Staff	classroom keyboard	explore the layout of the	
Notation,	_	keyboard in terms of white	Links with Year 10/11
Sharps and	_	·	BTEC Music
Flats and	_ ·	names; sharps and flats as	Developing music
Melody and		· ·	compositions.
Chords.		explore how to "read music"	
	<u> </u>	in the form of simple	
	!	melodies and melodies from	
	į.	popular songs from treble clef	
		staff notation. They then	
		move on to add a second part	
		of basic chords with the left	
		hand. Since this unit is	

primarily performance based, there are optional pathways to perform and compose either a round for keyboard ensemble or to explore short musical clichés for keyboard. The final lesson(s) have been left as "Independent Practice" where, it is hoped, that through their skills, knowledge and understanding of 'good keyboard practice and playing technique', pupils will take responsibility for their own learning of a either a solo, paired or small ensemble keyboard piece which can be performed at the end of the unit.

Spring Term 1

Exploring Pulse and Accents

This unit introduces or reintroduces the concept of pulse through a variety of experiences which include pulse games and other rhythmic activities, the creation of patterns, including ostinato and repetitive rhythmic textures cyclic and polyrhythms, listening activities and the composition and performance of class and group rhythm pieces. Through composing and performing, pupils are introduced to rhythm grids and rhythm grid notation which can be

The unit explores how pulse patterns can be grouped into two, three and four-beat patterns forming a basis of time signatures, bars and bar lines and conducting patterns in 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4 times. The characteristic 2/4 pulse pattern can be explored in the genre of the March and the 3/4 pulse pattern in the Waltz.

Year 8
Projects
Exploring
offbeat,
different
textural
elements that
make up a
Reggae song:
bass line riffs,
melodic hooks,
offbeat chords,
syncopated
rhythms and the
vocal melody
line.

Links with Year 9 Projects EXPLORING FILM Music Using effective time signatures

	extended to include single line rhythm notation using the note values of a semibreve, minim, crotchet, quaver and pair of quavers. r rhythm work.		to create their own leitmotif. Links with Year 9/ 10/11 Project s BTEC MUSIC Developing Compositions using the correct BPM
Spring Term 2 Exploring Instruments of the Orchestra	understanding about orchestral instruments and families/sections of orchestral instruments. Pupils learn about the construction, sound production and timbres/sonorities of different orchestral instruments, the layout, grouping and the instruments which belong to each section of a modern symphony orchestra. Key to this unit is pupil's understanding of the terms: TIMBRE AND SONORITY with a	construction, different sound production methods and characteristic timbres/sonorities. Use orchestral tones/voices/sounds from keyboards as part of a 'class	Links with Year 8 project Exploring African drumming techniques, African music, identifying characteristic musical features. Links with Year 9 Project The Music Industry. Links with Year 10/11 BTEC Music Developing music compositions.
Term/Unit: Summer Term 1/2	This unit is all about effective keyboard	Understand how the classroom keyboard is used and played. Practicing pieces	Links from Year 8 to Year 11 throughout all projects.

Exploring Effective Keyboard Performance Technique. including basic treble clef staff notation. The unit begins with a "Keyboard Treasure classroom keyboard which is a good chance to navigate basic keyboard functions, establish good playing routines and rectify and troubleshoot any potential technical problems. Pupils learn about other keyboard instruments such as the Harpsichord, Celesta, Accordion, Organ, Clavichord, Piano (upright and grand) and Synthesisers before establishing the importance of correct playing position and posture and the importance of keyboard warm-ups. Pupils move on to learn about using keyboard fingering for better playing skills, built through a range of exercises such as scales and simple righthand melodies in the key of C Major. Pupils explore the layout of the keyboard in terms of white and black keys and their note names; sharps and flats as enharmonic equivalents and explore how to "read music" in the form of simple melodies and melodies from popular songs from treble clef staff notation. They then move on to add a second part of basic

chords with the left

including basic treble clef staff notation. The unit begins with a general introduction and "Keyboard Treasure Hunt" around a standard classroom keyboard which is a good chance to navigate basic keyboard functions, establish good playing routines and rectify and troubleshoot any of keyboard music to build skills and understanding of reading music and playing an instrument using correct posture, fingering and accuracy of pitch and rhythm. Understand the importance of "warming up" before playing a keyboard or piano and the concept of piano fingering (1-5). Explore different keyboard times and places.

hand. Since this unit is	
primarily performance	
based, there are	
optional pathways to	
perform and compose	
either a round for	
keyboard ensemble or	
to explore short musical	
clichés for keyboard.	

At the end of each unit, you will be assessed on your performance and/or composition, individually, in pairs, small groups or larger ensemble.

At the end of the whole project in May, you will sit a written test based on what you have learned in all three units.

You will receive revision materials in preparation of the test.

A grade is calculated in the following way:

Assessed according to the National Curriculum.

How parents / carers can help:

- 1. Talk to your child about what they are learning in lessons.
- 2. Test your child's spelling on musical key words (these can be found in their planner).
- 3. Encourage your child to listen to music as much as possible at home.
- 4. If your child is learning a musical instrument inside or outside school, encourage them to attend regularly and practise frequently in their spare time.

Useful website and details of course books

www.youtube.com http://www.teachingideas.co.uk/music/namethatnote.htm www.musictheory.net http://www.musicteachers.co.uk/namethatnote/

Progression routes and career opportunities

Pearson BTEC Level 1/ level 2 First Award (NQF) Music

Who to contact and how if you have a query regarding your child

Name	Position	Email Address	Telephone
Miss	Music Teacher	vparperis@haileyhall.herts.sch.uk	01992
Victoria			465208
Parperis			

Year 8 Music

Why this subject is important:

- · Music is a unique form of communication that can change the way you feel, think and act. It forms part of your identity and can help develop your competence as a learner.
- · Music increases your self-esteem and creates a sense of achievement and self-worth
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What you will learn:

Pupils will be introduced to the skills needed for the new BTEC syllabus through these key topics:

Unit name	Topics	Skills and	Skills and curriculum
		understanding	links

Autumn Term 1 Introduction to Offbeat. **Exploring the** origins of Reggae and chords in a Caribbean song.

view This unit begins by by and looks at the famous texture of a song. To ae musician, Bob Marley, his influence on a worldwid ence. The unit uses two ae songs as case studies to bre the musical features of enre: "Yellow Bird": a ". Pupils learn about the rent textural elements that key themes and style of e up a Reggae song: bass linReggae lyrics melodic hooks, offbeat ds, syncopated rhythms and ocal melody line. Pupils' onic language is extended developed constructing ds I, II, IV and V in F Major low Bird") and chords I, IV V in A Major ("Three Little), performing these in the tional offbeat Reggae style unit ends with the option o ktended Reggae arrangeme 'ellow Bird" and a brief pration into the themes of ae lyrics with pupils creating own short set of lyrics usin ican speech style on a ific subject e.g., Black Lives er, School etc. or by taking known melody or song (of choice) and researching th , chords etc. and creating a ae arrangement of it using lifferent textural layers bred during the unit.

To recognise the stylistic bring the origins of Reggae conventions of Reggae music. c from Mento, Ska and RocHow chords contribute to the recognise the key features of a Reggae bass line. To understand syncopation and how it is used in Reggae music. To identify the bean song, and "Three Litt different layers that make up Reggae music. Understand the form of a popular

Links to Year 9 Project Exploring Film Music the pupils learn about different musical devices used in popular songs including how the different structural elements are sequenced horizontally to produce the classic song.

Links with Years 11 BTEC Music Unit 7 Introduction to Garageband Projects Composing and developing more advance techniques within musical styles.

Autumn Term 2 All about the bass, exploring the bass clef notation and bass riffs.	This unit aims to give pupils the experience of being "film soundtrack composers" and explores the challenges and musical devices used in film soundtrack composition.	Pupils will write their own briefs and identify musical features to support these.	Links with Years 11 BTEC Music Unit 7 Introduction to Garageband Projects Composing and developing more advance techniques within music technology.
Spring Term 1 Exploring Character themes and development in video game music.	computer and video game music before pupils move on to explore ways in which Character themes can be varied. The characteristic musical features of much computer and video game music: jumping bass lines, staccato articulation, chromatic movement and syncopation are included as musical knowledge through composing and performing tasks. Sound effects are then explored and pupils either perform	ways in which music is used within a range of computer and video games from different times. Understand, describe and use common compositional and performance features used in computer and video game	Link with Year 9 Film Music Leitmotif composition. Links with Year 10/11 BTEC Music Developing music compositions.

	based on a computer or video game theme or creating a musical score/soundtrack for a computer or video game creating their own ground theme and sound effects which can be presented in a final "Dragon's Den" style presentation/assessment.		
Spring Term 2 Exploring Repeated Musical Patterns (Hooks, Riffs and Ostinato)	musical patterns through the genres of Popular Music (Hooks and Riffs) and Music from the Western Classical Tradition (Ostinatos). The unit aims to combine the interrelated musical strands of Performing: Playing and Singing; Creating - Composing and Improvising and Critical Engagement: Listening and Appraising. The music theory focus of this unit is	based on Repeated Musical Patterns. Understand and distinguish between Hooks, Riffs and Ostinatos. Perform, create and listen to and appraise a range of music from different times and places based on Repeated Musical Patterns discovering a range of compositional techniques and produce contrasting musical ideas to develop your compositional expertise. An idea might take the form of a short melodic motif, a chord progression, or a rhythmic idea	Links with Year 10 BTEC Music Unit 4: .
	rhythmic musical features and devices used in African music, particularly the African drumming tradition of West Africa.		
Summer Term 1	different African Drum	To recognise, perform and create African music with an understanding of musical	

Drumming Techniques	and the effect this has on the timbre and sonority of the sounds produced. They then move on to perform and create, by composing and improvising simple rhythms and, using repetition, turn these into cyclic rhythms. These are then combined and overlapped to create polyrhythms and a a polyrhythmic texture: a characteristic of much African music.	conventions and processes. To explore different rhythmic processes used in African music – cyclic rhythms, polyrhythms, syncopation and call and response and apply these to own composition and performance activities. To learn about different African musical instruments and make connections between these sounds and timbres available within the classroom. Listen to a range of different African music, identifying characteristic musical	
Summer term: Creating an Arrangement of a Popular Song from a	Explore instruments used in popular songs and establish what resources are available within the classroom in terms of popular and orchestral instruments, own instruments, and music technology. Pupils could complete an "audit" not	Understand and use all elements and terms relating to popular song structure through listening and appraising and performing. Demonstrate an understanding of Lead Sheets	Links to Year 9: Leitmotif composition, Band Lab/ Garage Band skills. Links to BTEC: Unit 2, 4 and 7.

At the end of each unit, you will be assessed on your performance and/or composition, individually, in pairs, small groups or larger ensemble.

At the end of the whole project in May, you will sit a written test based on what you have learned in all three units.

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A grade is calculated in the following way:

Your child will be assessed against the National Curriculum.

How parents / carers can help:

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Useful website and details of course books:

www.youtube.com

http://www.teachingideas.co.uk/music/namethatnote.htm

www.musictheory.net

http://www.musicteachers.co.uk/namethatnote/

Progression routes and career opportunities:

Pearson BTEC Level 1/ level 2 First Award (NQF) Music

Who to contact and how if you have a query regarding your child:

Name	Position	Email Address	Telephone
Miss Victoria	Music Teacher	vparperis@haileyhall.herts.sch.uk	01992 465208
Parperis			

Year 9 Music

Why this subject is important:

Music aims to:

- develop candidates' interest and enjoyment of music that will be sustained in later life, so that
 they are inspired, moved, and changed by studying a broad, coherent, satisfying, and
 worthwhile course of study
- develop candidates' own musical interests and skills including an understanding of how to make music individually and in groups
- enable candidates to evaluate their own and others' music
- develop understanding and appreciation of a range of diverse kinds of music
- develop broader life-skills and attributes including critical and creative thinking, aesthetic sensitivity, emotional awareness, cultural understanding, self-discipline, self-confidence, and self-motivation.
- develop candidates' ability in performing/realising and composing, and to develop their listening and appraising skills

What you will learn:

BTEC Level 1 Music Unit 1 contains the following studies.

Unit name	Topics	Skills and	Skills curriculum
		understanding	links
Autumn Term 1	Th		
Soundtracks.	The unit		
The	begins with	How music can	Links to BTEC Unit
ntroduction of	an	enhance the visual	2,4 and 7.
film music,	introduction	images and dramatic	
musical	into the	impact of film and	
directors and	purpose of	can reflect the	
silent film.	film music	emotional and	
	and the	narrative messages	
	decisions and	of the drama. • How	
	challenges a	timing is a crucial	
	composer of	factor in the	
	film music	composition and	
	faces.	performance of	
	Leitmotifs are	music for film. • How	
	an important	film music can	
	aspect of film	change the viewer's	
	music and	interpretation of a	
	pupils	scene. • How to	
	explore how	create an effective	
	composers	musical narrative for	
	have used	a film scene, using	
	these to	appropriate	
	represent	techniques to create	
	certain	an intended effect.	
	characters		
	and		
	situations		
	within films		
	and how,		
	through the		
	manipulation		
	of the		
	elements of		
	music, these		
	can be		
	changed to suit different		
	on-screen		
	situations.		
o : 10			
Spring/Summer			
NAata Ilt			Links V = = = 40/44 :
Music Industry			Links Year 10/11 to

Health & safety, security at venues:	Will learn about The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and the Noise at Work Regulations 2005. Crowd management, Communication Management	BTEC Level 2 Music qualification This will aid the pupils with Unit 2 Managing a Music Product. Understanding regulations within the music industry
Production & promotion:	Major record labels positives and negatives Independent record labels positives and negative.	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification This will aid the pupils within Unit 2. Understanding how to promote a product paying special attention to target audience.
Music Publishing:	Will be learning about the value of music publishing. Major music publishing and self-publishing.	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification This will aid the pupils within Unit 2. Understanding how to protect their own music
Promoters:	To understand the role of a promoter	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification This will aid the pupils within Unit 2. Understanding how to promote a product paying special attention to target audience.
Marketing & distribution:	To understand the distinct roles in marketing and distribution	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification

	Mill la over a la cost	This will aid the pupils within Unit 2. Understanding how to promote a product paying special attention to target audience.
Service companies & agencies	will learn about royalties, licences, public performances, broadcast, live, recorded.	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification This will aid the pupils within Unit 2. Understanding how to protect their own music
Artists' representation:	Learn how A&R work with artist (band) To promote their career	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification
Hire companies:	Learning about hire companies for Sound & lighting equipment. Rehearsal &studio space	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification This will aid the pupils within Unit 2. Understanding
Transport companies:	Learning about Transport equipment when on tour Learn how Roadies carry equipment & install	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification
Unions:	Learn about the following unions MU (Musicians' Union): Equity: BECTU (Broadcast Entertainment	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification This will aid the pupils within Unit 2. Understanding trade unions and their role

	Cinematograph Theatre Union):	within the music industry
Trade Bodies:	Learn about the following trade bodies: MPG (Music Producers Guild) APRS (Association of Professional Recording Services):	Links Year 10/11 to BTEC Level 2 Music qualification This will aid the pupils within Unit 2. Understanding how to protect their own music
	PLASA (Professional Lighting and Sound Association):	

You will be assessed at the end of every half term. Each assessment uses the exam board grade criteria so that you can be sure about what grade you are working at.

Assessments are a mixture of written and practical with a formal written assessment near the end of the year.

How parents / carers can help:

- 1. Ensure that your child attends his/her extra-curricular lessons or ensembles.
- 2. Ensure that you child practises his/her instrument(s) at home.
- 3. Encourage your child to listen to music as much as possible at home.
- 4. Support your child by taking an interest in their home learning.

Useful website and details of course books

www.youtube.com http://www.teachingideas.co.uk/music/namethatnote.htm www.musictheory.net http://www.musicteachers.co.uk/namethatnote/

Progression routes and career opportunities:

Pearson BTEC Level 1/ level 2 First Award (NQF) Music

Who to contact and how if you have a query regarding your child:

Name	Position	Email Address	Telephone
Miss Victoria	Music Teacher	vparperis@haileyhall.herts.sch.uk	01992 465208
Parperis			

Year 10 Music BTEC Levels 1 and 2

Why this subject is important:

- You will learn vocational skills that will enable you to pursue a career in the music industry.
- Music is a unique form of communication that can change the way you feel, think and act. It forms part of your identity and can help develop your competence as a learner.
- Music increases your self-esteem and creates a sense of achievement and self-worth.
- Music learning develops your critical skills: your ability to listen, to appreciate a wide variety of music, and to make judgement about musical quality.
- Music increases self-discipline and creativity.
- Music helps you understand yourself, relate to others and develop a deeper cultural understanding of home, school, and the wider world.
- Music education helps to develop a sense of group identity and togetherness and develops group work skills.
- Music education helps you develop an understanding of history, technology, and future technology.

What you will learn this year:

BTEC Music course work Units:

Unit Name	Knowledge	Skills and understanding	Skills curriculum links
Unit 4:	Knowing how explore	G	In line with the BTEC
Introducing Music composition	creative stimuli to meet a brief.	to follow a brief as a starting point for their	Music Curriculum:
		compositional work.	Promoting and creating
	Knowing how to	They will be given the	a music product drawing
	develop, extend and	skill set to adapted to the	on previous knowledge
	shape music for	following types of briefs	from years 7,8 and year
	performances.	• film, e.g., horror, comedy, animation,	9
	Knowing how to create a	thriller, action etc	
	full composition	 advertising, e.g., TV, radio, consumer 	Being able to take responsibility for your own learning.

		• TV, e.g., documentary,	Regularly practicing of
		theme music, stabs,	skills learnt.
		idents, branding	
		computer gaming	
		 music for a school 	
		concert.	
		They will be given the	
		skill set to extend two	
		pieces of music adding	
		one of following	
		techniques	
		melodic ideas and	
		fragments	
		rhythmic patterns	
		chords and chord	
		progressions	
		 harmonic systems 	
		• textures	
		riffs and hooks	
		sound palettes	
		improvisation and	
		experimentation	
		They will be given the	
		skill set to record, MIDI	
		and audio files	
		standard	
		notation, e.g., scores,	
		parts	
		• tab, e.g., guitar, drum,	
		bass etc	
		graphic notation	
		lead sheet	
		• chord chart	
Unit 1:	Knowing about venues	Understanding of the	In Line with the Year 11
The Music Industry	and live performance	scope of the music	Exam
	including health and	industry with a view to	
	safety.	getting work in and using	Being able to take
		the organisations that	responsibility for your
	Knowing about	exist. Pupils will	own learning.
	production and	investigate music	
	promotion companies,	organisations to find out	Using effective revision
	service companies and	about the work they do	skills to prepare.
	agencies and music	and how they relate to	
	unions.	and rely on one another.	Using time management
		Pupils will be given the	skills
		opportunity to find out	
	Know how these	about the people who	
	organisations	work in these	
	interrelate	organisations, from	

	Know about a range of roles in the industry,	production and administrative roles.	Taking notes during lessons to support your Revision.
	these roles interrelate.		

Assessment for Unit 2: Managing a Music Product will be assessed internally by the centre (school) and externally verified by Pearson.

Assessment for Unit 1: The Music Industry will be by externally assessed exam.

How parents/carers can help:

- 1. Talk to your child about what they are learning lessons.
- 2. Test your child's spelling on musical key words. These can be found in their planner.
- 3. Encourage your child to complete homework to the best of their ability.
- 4. Encourage your child to listen to music as much as possible at home.
- 5. If your child is learning a musical instrument inside or outside, encourage them to attend regularly and practice often in their spare time.

Useful websites:

http://www.wikihow.com/practice-an-Instrument-Effectively

http://www.hopestreemmusicstudio.com/articles/how-to-practice-a-musical-instrument http://www.brainpop.com/artsandmusic/seeall/

http://www.bgfl.org/bgfl/custom/resources_ftp/client_ftp/ks2/music/piano/index.htm (virtual piano)

Progression routes and career opportunities:

Pearson BTEC Level 1/ level 2 First Award (NQF) Music

Who to contact and how if you have a query regarding your child's Music:

Name	POSITION	EMAIL ADDRESS	TELEPHONE
Miss Victoria	Subject Leader:	vparperis@haileyhall.herts.sch.uk	01992 465208
Parperis	MUSIC		

Year 11 Music BTEC

Why this subject is important:

- You will learn vocational skills that will enable you to pursue a career in the music industry.
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- Music increases your self-esteem and creates a sense of achievement and self-worth.

- Music learning develops your critical skills: your ability to listen, to appreciate a wide variety of music, and to make judgement about musical quality.
- Music increases self-discipline and creativity.
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What you will learn this year

Unit Name	Knowledge	Skills and understanding	Skills curriculum links
Autumn Term 1 / 2	Knowing how to	plan the creation of a CD	
Spring Term 1	promote a music	or online product will work	Music Curriculum:
Unit 2:	product.	collaboratively with	Knowing shout
Managing a Music Product	Knowing how to	a team of peers to prepare to produce the	Knowing about personal
Fioduct	manage a music	work.	management skills
	product.	WOTK.	(time management),
	product.	Understanding how to	Planning,
	Planning and	produce an	Organisation,
	development	online product as well as	Costings
	activities	technical and logistical	Promoting and
	Planning and	requirements	creating a music
	development		product drawing on
	activities will vary	Able to understand	previous knowledge
	depending on the	 target audience 	from years 7,8 and
	nature of the	 artistic intention 	year 9
	product	type of product (CD	
		recordings of live or	
	developed but will	sequenced music, music	
	usually include:	video, music-	
	 attending and 	based radio	
	contributing to and	show, downloadable	
	performing or	recordings, podcast,	
	producing at scheduled sessions	website with audio)	
	o preparations –	Able to organise the	
	composing,	following	
	recording,	studio/equipment,	
	sequencing music	booking studio	
	o rehearsals	time/facilities	
	o production	availability	
	meetings	of performers and other	
	carrying out	personnel	
	research	time constraints	
	or development work	`	
	in response to ideas	awareness of copyright	
	that arise out of the	issues.	
	planning and	Planning and	
	production process	development activities will	

	 developing material performance work compositions, arrangements recordings, sequenced music listening and responding to direction and instructions 	vary depending on the nature of the product developed but will usually include: • attending and contributing to and performing or producing at scheduled sessions o preparations — composing, recording, sequencing music o rehearsals o production meetings • carrying out research or development work in response to ideas that arise out of the planning and production process • developing material • performance work • compositions, arrangements • recordings, sequenced music • listening and responding to direction and instructions	
Spring Term 2 Summer Term 1/2 Unit 7: Introducing Music Sequencing	Knowing music sequencing techniques. Knowing how to use music sequencing software to create music. Know how to use effects to enhance their music.	Learners will investigate the features and purpose of music sequencing techniques through experimentation with and exploration of a music software package. Learners should understand the parameters they are manipulating and the possibilities and limitations of each. Learners should become familiar with the music sequencing software available to them and will demonstrate their understanding through the creation of a log. Note input and editing	In line with the BTEC Music Curriculum: Promoting and creating a music product drawing on previous knowledge from years 7,8 and year 9 Being able to take responsibility for your own learning. Using effective skills technics to help develop your own learning. Using time management skills

Different methods to add notes to a track: adding notes with a mouse o playing notes in with a MIDI keyboard o step-time input – adding notes in musical steps o importing MIDI material. Editing the properties of note events: duration note position pitch velocity. Copying and pasting notes and regions: copy and paste using mouse copy and paste using keyboard shortcuts. Using loops and prerecorded samples: choosing loops and samples looping regions. Selecting instruments and sounds: using software instruments selecting present sounds. **Effects** Learners should explore the use of effects to enhance their music: software mixer digital effects – EQ, chorus, reverb. Learners should monitor their activities on a regular basis, e.g., at the end of each session, considering the successes and areas in need of development.

How you will be assessed:

Assessment for Unit 4: Introducing Music composition and Unit 7: Introducing Music Sequencing. Will be assessed internally by the centre (school) and externally verified by Pearson.

How parents/carers can help

- 1. Talk to your child about what they are learning lessons.
- 2. Test your child's spelling on musical key words. These can be found in their planner.
- 3. Encourage your child to complete homework to the best of their ability.
- 4. Encourage your child to listen to music as much as possible at home.
- 5. If your child is learning a musical instrument inside or outside, encourage them to attend regularly and practice frequently in their spare time.

Useful websites:

http://www.wikihow.com/practice-an-Instrument-Effectively

http://www.hopestreemmusicstudio.com/articles/how-to-practice-a-musical-instrument http://www.brainpop.com/artsandmusic/seeall/

http://www.bgfl.org/bgfl/custom/resources_ftp/client_ftp/ks2/music/piano/index.htm (virtual piano)

Progression routes and career opportunities:

Pearson BTEC Level 1/ level 2 First Award (NQF) Music

Who to contact and how if you have a query regarding your child's Music:

Name	POSITION	EMAIL ADDRESS	TELEPHONE
Miss Victoria	Subject Leader:	vparperis@haileyhall.herts.sch.uk	01992 465208
Parperis	MUSIC		